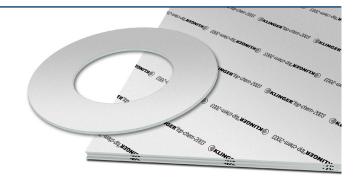




KLINGER®top-chem 2003 – PTFE material filled with hollow glass-microspheres.

Consisting of PTFE filled with hollow glass-microspheres, this gasket material provides high adaptability and tightness even at low surface loads. Its chemical properties make it the ideal choice for strongly acidic and alkaline applications as well as for medium temperatures and loads.



Basis composition	PTFE filled with hollow glass-microspheres.
Color	White
Certificates	Oxygen-tested, DIN-DVGW, DVGW H2-ready (ZP 5123), DIN 16421 (W 270), KTW-BWGL, DNV approval, TA-Luft (Clean air), FDA conformity (components of KLINGER®top-chem 2003 comply with the FDA requirements), Regulation (EU) No. 1935/2004 (incl. 10/2011), VDI 2200 blowout

Sheet size	1500 x 1500 mm
Thickness	1.0 mm, 1.5 mm, 2.0 mm, 3.0 mm
Tolerances	3
Thickness	according to DIN 28091-1
Length:	± 50 mm
Width:	± 50 mm

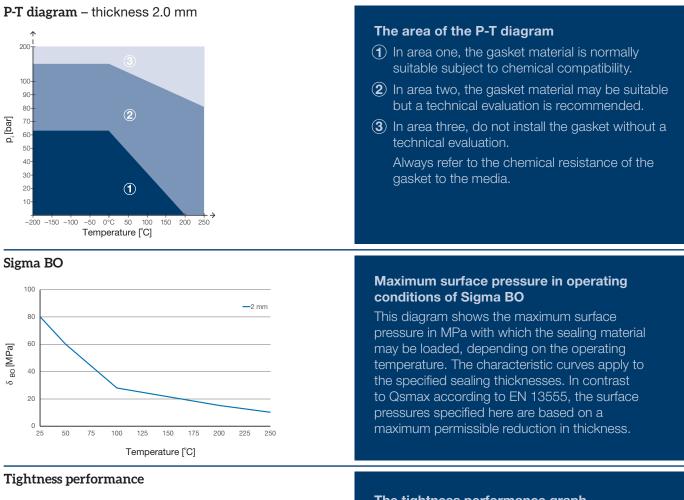
Industry

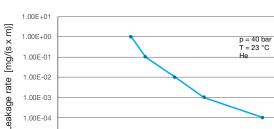
General industry / Chemical / Oil & Gas / Energy / Infrastructure / Pulp & Paper / Marine / Automotive / Food & Beverage / Pharma

TECHNICAL DATA – Typical values for a thickness of 2.0 mm

Compressibility	ASTM F 36 M	%	18
Recovery	ASTM F 36 M	%	35
Stress relaxation DIN 52913	30 MPa, 16 h/150°C	MPa	13
KLINGER cold/hot compression	thickness decrease at 23°C	%	10
25 MPa	thickness decrease at 260°C	%	39
Tightness	DIN 28090-2	mg/(s x m)	0.01
Specific leakrate	VDI 2440	mbar x l/(s x m)	3.29E-06
Thickness/weight increase	H ₂ SO ₄ , 100%: 18 h/23°C	%	1/1
	HNO ₃ , 100%: 18 h/23°C	%	0/5
	NaOH, 33%: 72 h/110°C	%	1/5
Density		g/cm ³	1.7
Average surface resistance	ρΟ	Ω	9x10E12
Average specific volume resistance	ρD	Ωcm	2.6x10E12
Average dielectric strength	Ed	kV/mm	16.7
Average power factor	50 Hz	tan δ	0.085
Average dielectric coefficient	50 Hz	εr	2.8
Thermal conductivity	λ	W/mK	0.18
ASME-Code sealing factors		I	
for gasket thickness 2.0 mm	tightness class 0.1mg/s x m	MPa	у 8
			m 2.7







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Surface pressure [MPa]

The tightness performance graph

The graph shows the required stress at assembling to seal a certain tightness class. The determination of the graph is based on EN13555 test procedure which applies 40 bar Helium at room temperature. The sloping curve indicates the ability of the gasket to increase tightness with raising gasket stress.

Chemical resistance chart

1.00E-05

Simplified overview of the chemical resistance depending on the most important groups of raw materials:

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KLINGER®top-chem 2003 A: small or no attack B: weak till moderate attack C: strong attack Chlorinated Paraffinic Moto Motor Mineral Acid Base Aromates Alcohol Ketone Ester Water hydrocarbon (diluted) hydrocarbon fuel oil lubricants (diluted) fluids Α Α Α Α Α Α Α Α Α Α Α

For more information on chemical resistance please visit www.klinger.co.at.

All information is based on years of experience in production and operation of sealing elements. However, in view of the wide variety of possible installation and operating conditions one cannot draw final conclusions in all application cases regarding the behaviour in gasket joint. The data may not, therefore, be used to support any warranty claims. This edition cancels all previous issues. Subject to change without notice.

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Certified acc. to DIN EN ISO 9001:2015 Subject to technical alterations. Status: December 2024 Rich. Klinger Dichtungstechnik GmbH & Co KG / Am Kanal 8-10 / A-2352 Gumpoldskirchen, Austria Tel +43 (0) 2252/62599-137 / Fax +43 (0) 2252/62599-296 / e-mail: marketing@klinger.co.at